2014 SCBOA Basketball Rules & Mechanics Examination

Use a #2 pencil to <u>COMPLETELY</u> fill in the correct answer.

To change your answer <u>ERASE COMPETELY & CLEANLY</u> and mark again. Make no extra marks on the answer sheet; they may be picked up as incorrect answers.

Answers are either TRUE or False = A or B (on the answer sheet)

<u>Example</u>: [==] [B] [C] [D] <u>Follow the instructions and properly mark your answer sheet!</u>

- 1. Both the timer and official scorer are required to wear a black-and-white vertically striped garment.
- 2. The use of artificial noise makers is prohibited.
- 3. A1 is fouled by B1, which is Team B's 10th team foul. A1 is erroneously given a one-and-one bonus. The free throw is missed with A5 securing the rebound. A5 is then fouled by B3. The scorer informs the calling official that the foul was B3's fifth and that A1 should have had another free throw previously. RULING: B3 must first be replaced. A1 then shoots her merited free throw with no players on the lane. Then A5 is awarded two free throws with players lined up as after any free throw attempt.
- 4. A1 who is in the backcourt, passes the ball to A2 who is in the frontcourt. While the ball is in the air, the ball is considered to have frontcourt status after it passes over the division line.
- 5. A–1 is awarded one free throw. Team B occupies the first marked lane spaces on each side but does not occupy the third marked lane space. A–2 and A–3 occupy the second and third marked lane spaces along the same side. RULING: This is a legal alignment.
- 6. If a live ball with the clock running touches A2 who is standing on the boundary line, A2 caused the ball to be out of bounds.
- 7. When play is resumed with a free-throw and 3/10 (0.3) of a second or less remains on the clock, no field goal may be scored on a try, but could score on a tap.
- 8. Free throws for an intentional foul may be attempted by any player of the offended team.
- 9. The score is tied with 4 seconds left in the game when A1 steals the ball and is driving for an uncontested lay-up. B5 intentionally runs out of bounds, attempting to receive a leaving-the-floor violation. RULING: B5's action should be ignored as calling a violation would benefit Team B.
- 10. It is permissible to change a designated starter if they are injured in pregame warm-ups.
- 11. Correctable errors include failure to award a merited free throw.
- 12. During the second quarter, the Team A head coach receives an indirect technical foul and loses his coaching box privileges. In the third period, the head coach jumps up and down within the bench area in reaction to a dunk by A3. RULING: Direct technical foul on the Team A coach.
- 13. Only the referee may determine when a player is exhibiting signs of a concussion.

- 14. A1 has a designated spot throw-in on the sideline. A1 releases the throw-in and B4 deflects the ball into Team A's backcourt. RULING: Team control ended when B4 touched the ball.
- 15. A1's try rebounds off the backboard and is batted toward the division line by A2. A3, while airborne from the frontcourt, catches the ball and then lands in the backcourt. RULING: Legal.
- 16. A defensive touch (tip) signal is to be used to indicate that the ball was touched by the defense prior to going into the backcourt.
- 17. The non-calling officials are responsible for initiating a switch.
- 18. A held ball occurs when an opponent places his/her hand on the ball and prevents an airborne player from passing the ball or releasing it on a try.
- 19. A violation or foul can establish "control" for purposes of determining which way the possession arrow is initially set.
- 20. There is no player control during an interrupted dribble.
- 21. Either team may be granted a time-out following a field goal and before the throw-in begins.
- 22. A held ball is called and with Team A having the alternating possession arrow. A3 attempts to inbound the ball, but her throw-in goes out-of-bounds untouched. RULING: Award the ball to Team B for a throw-in at the spot of A3's throw-in and do not change the alternating possession arrow.
- 23. Team A substitute #25 reports to the table midway through the second quarter and is beckoned onto the court. Play continues for 2 minutes when the scorer informs the officials during a stoppage of play that #25 is not listed in the book. RULING: Since #25 is currently a player, their name must be entered in the book and a technical foul is charged to Team A.
- 24. A player occupying a marked lane space may enter the lane on the release of the free throw by the free throw shooter
- 25. A1 and B1 are called for a double personal foul for rough post play. After the whistle, A1 and B1 direct profanity at each other and a double technical foul is called. RULING: No free throws will be shot and A1 and B1 will have accumulated 2 fouls each toward disqualification.
- 26. The score is tied at the end of regulation. During the intermission between the fourth quarter and the beginning of overtime, the scorer advises the referee that A1's three-point goal in the fourth quarter was recorded improperly as a two-point goal. The referee verifies the mistake. RULING: Award the extra point to Team A. The overtime period will be played since the point was added after the end of the fourth quarter.
- 27. It is a violation if A1 dribbles a second time after losing control of the first dribble, because an opponent batted the ball away.
- 28. The distance for a closely guarded situation shall be measured from the torso of the defender to the torso of the ballhandler.
- 29. At is dribbling the ball near the end of the quarter when he is illegally contacted by B1. The signal to end the quarter cannot be heard by the officials. RULING: The referee may consult the table officials to determine if time expired before the foul.

- 30. A1 receives a pass and jumps to attempt a shot. While in the air, the ball slips from A1's grasp. A1 reaches out, recovers the ball and returns to the floor with the ball in his grasp. RULING: Traveling violation on A1.
- 31. A2 receives a pass from a teammate. A2 starts her dribble but it goes off the foot of B2. The ball bounces several feet away where A2 picks the ball up and then starts another dribble. RULING: Double dribble violation on A2.
- 32. A1 ends the dribble and passes the ball to A2. While the ball is in the air, A1 charges into B3. RULING: Team control foul on A1.
- 33. Team members who leave the bench and come on to the floor during an altercation for any reason shall be ejected from the game.
- 34. A6 legally enters the court to replace A5 after being beckoned by an official. As A5 is leaving the court, she is assessed a technical foul for an unsporting act. RULING: A5 is charged with a technical foul and the Team A coach is charged with an indirect technical foul since A5 is considered bench personal.
- 35. During a dribble from backcourt to frontcourt, the ball is in the frontcourt when the ball and both feet of the dribbler touch the court entirely in the frontcourt.
- 36. Lane restrictions for all players end when the free thrower releases the ball on a try.
- 37. Unused time-outs from regulation may be used in any overtime period.
- 38. The new rule that constitutes a foul for contacting and/or placing a hand or hands on a player, apply only against a player holding or dribbling a live ball.
- 39. Personal fouls always involve illegal contact and occur during a live ball, except a common foul by or on an airborne shooter.
- 40. The calling official will always remain table side after reporting the foul to the scorer's table.
- 41. One of the duties of the officials is to notify the head coach when their team is granted its final timeout.
- 42. After a head coach has lost his coaching box privileges, he may legally use the coaching box to request a time out.
- 43. B-1 commits his/her fifth foul, but the scorer fails to notify the officials. Later in the quarter, B-1 is fouled and awarded two free throws. Following the first free throw, which is successful, the scorer notifies the official that B-1 is playing with five fouls. RULING: B-1 is disqualified. The official cancels the first free throw and has B-1's substitute attempt the two free throws.
- 44. After establishing a pivot foot, the pivot foot may not be lifted prior to the ball being released to start a dribble.
- 45. At tries for goal near the end of the quarter. After the ball is released from At's hand, the horn sounds and then Bt touches the ball in an attempt to block the shot. The ball enters the basket. RULING: Disallow the basket since the try ended when Bt touched the ball in flight.
- 46. The buzzer sounds to end the game with Team A leading 60-58. During the post-game celebration, A1 taunts B1 and which observed by an official who is still on the court. RULING: Technical foul on A1. Team B shoots two free throws to determine if overtime is necessary.

- 47. A1's throw-in near the division line is deflected by B2. A4 jumps from Team A's frontcourt, catches the ball in the air, and lands in Team A's backcourt. RULING: Backcourt violation on A1.
- 48. A ball in flight has the same relationship to frontcourt or backcourt as when it last touched a person or the floor.
- 49. If one member of Team A is wearing sweatbands, all Team A members must also wear sweatbands.
- 50. The length of each extra period in a high school varsity contest is four minutes.
- 51. A2's time-out request may be granted even though the official's backcourt count on dribbler A1 is at nine seconds.
- 52. After a goal, the ball is considered at the disposal of the player when the official begins the five-second throw-in count.
- 53. At is dribbling the ball when B1 bats the ball away. While the ball is loose, an official inadvertently blows the whistle. RULING: Team A is awarded the ball for a designated spot throw-in nearest to where the ball was at the time of the whistle.
- 54. A closely guarded five-second count shall be terminated during an interrupted dribble.
- 55. A3 and B4 are in the post without the ball jockeying for position. A3 throws B4 to the floor. RULING: Intentional personal foul on A3 due to excessive contact while the ball is live.
- 56. A1 is attempting to advance the ball from his backcourt to frontcourt. The 10-second count is at 8 when B1, who is straddling the division line, tips the ball away from A1 who is still in the backcourt. The ball bounces into the backcourt where A1 recovers the ball and resumes dribbling. RULING: The official should start a new 10-second count.
- 57. There is no player control during a throw-in.
- 58. At attempted dunk hits the rim and bounces above the cylinder. After the miss, At is still grasping the ring when the ball hits the backboard and goes through the basket. RULING: Basket interference violation on At. Cancel the score.
- 59. It is a technical foul if a player dunks the ball during the time of the officials' jurisdiction prior to the start of the game.
- 60. Penalties for fouls are administered in the order in which they occur.
- 61. B1 is guarding dribbler A1. B1 has one hand continually on A1, but is not restricting her movement. RULING: Common foul on B1.
- 62. All excessive contact fouls with an opponent while the ball is live are considered intentional.
- 63. A player ejection requires the player to leave the facility immediately.
- 64. After A1 has successfully made the first of two free throws, it is discovered that Team A has three players in marked lane spaces. RULING: Free throw counts.
- 65. No official has the authority to set aside or question decisions made by the other officials within the limits of their respective outlined duties.
- 66. A coach may enter the court to attend an injured player when beckoned by an official.

- 67. Teammates may not occupy adjacent spots along the center restraining circle if an opponent desires a place between them and indicates this desire before the referee is ready to toss the ball.
- 68. At has the ball in the post. At swings his elbows and makes illegal contact with B1 on the side of his head. RULING: Player control foul on A1.
- 69. All common fouls are personal fouls.
- 70. The use of electronic video devices during the game is not permitted.
- 71. An airborne shooter is a player who has released the ball on a try for goal or has tapped the ball and has not returned to the floor.
- 72. After the official hands the ball to A1 for a designated spot throw-in, a double foul is called. RULING: Play will resume with a throw-in by Team A.
- 73. Every player is entitled to a spot on the playing court provided such player gets there first without illegally contacting an opponent.
- 74. If A2 violates during A1's free-throw attempt, B's throw-in will be from anywhere along the end line.
- 75. A1 picks up her dribble and a 5-second count is started with B2 defending. As A1 is looking for someone to pass the ball to, the ball slips from her hands and A1 takes several steps and then recovers the ball. RULING: Traveling violation on A1.
- 76. It is a violation any time a live ball strikes the leg or foot of a defender.
- 77. The center official never administers a sideline throw-in.
- 78. The referee must get clearance from a healthcare professional before allowing a player to re-enter the game after they were sent off for signs of a concussion.
- 79. There are four types of violations and each has its own penalty.
- 80. The referee shall make decisions on any points not specifically covered in the rules.
- 81. Following a time out, A6 and A7 report to the table after the warning horn and are denied entry. Team A's subsequent throw-in goes out of bounds untouched. A6 and A7 attempt to enter the game. RULING: A6 and A7 cannot enter since no time ran off the clock.
- 82. Team A is the home team. Player A3 has a white headband, white wristbands, a black compression arm sleeve, and black tights. RULING: Not legal.
- 83. The official properly sounds the whistle and signals the clock to stop on a foul by B4. The official glances at the clock and notices five seconds on the clock. While reporting the foul, the official notices there is only two seconds on the clock. RULING: Since "lag time" is limited to one second, the referee shall direct that 4 seconds be placed on the clock.
- 84. When the throw-in team violates the provisions of the throw-in, the opponents are awarded the ball for a throw-in at the original throw-in spot.
- 85. A1 drives to the basket and is fouled by B1. A1 takes exception to the foul and shoves B1 and receives a technical foul. A3 and B3 then start shoving each other and a double technical foul is called. RULING: After all the penalties are administered, Team B will have a designated spot throw-in at the division line opposite the table.

- 86. No penalty is assessed if a player uses inappropriate language that is not directed toward an opponent or an official.
- 87. A medical reason is required in order for a player to be allowed to wear a compression sleeve.
- 88. A fight breaks out between A1 and B1 during a dead-ball situation. The head coach of Team A rushes onto the court without being beckoned. RULING: A1 and B1 are charged with flagrant technical fouls. Team A head coach is also assessed a technical foul for coming out onto the court without being beckoned.
- 89. While airborne shooter A1's successful try is in flight, the signal sounds indicating time has expired in the quarter. Prior to A1 returning to the floor, B1 fouls A1. RULING: Count the basket and charge B1 with a personal foul.
- 90. There are 11 seconds left in the 2nd quarter. Team A has the ball for a throw-in in the backcourt. A1 dribbles the ball in the backcourt for 9 seconds and then releases the ball toward his goal. The ball enters the goal at the same time as the buzzer goes off. RULING: No basket. 10-second violation on Team A since the ball did not achieve front-court status within the time limit.
- 91. Three substitutes from Team B leave their bench and come onto the court when a fight appears to break out. RULING: One team foul is added to Team B's foul total for the half since the Team B players did not participate.
- 92. All fouls committed from the time a correctable error is made until it is corrected shall be cancelled.
- 93. If A1 jumps from A's frontcourt and while airborne, catches the throw-in pass, it is a violation if he then lands in A's backcourt.
- 94. At is dribbling in the backcourt. Bt is guarding At and contacts him more than once with the same hand. RULING: Common foul on Bt.
- 95. The home team's video recorder is directly feeding a monitor behind the team bench. RULING: Legal
- 96. The ball is dead after a made field goal.
- 97. Players shall not occupy spaces along the free-throw lane during the free throws awarded for a flagrant personal foul.
- 98. A goal from the field by A1 in B's basket counts for Team B.
- 99. A-1 is dribbling the ball on the perimeter. B-1 places two hands on A-1 momentarily. The contact does not affect A-1's ability to play. RULING: This is incidental contact.
- 100. Officials must conduct themselves in a professional manner at all times.